

Version: 1

Issued by: Envirosystems Technologies

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SECTION 1 - IDENTIFICATION OF MATERIAL & SUPPLIER

1.1 Product Name: Enviro Grout 100 Part A

Manufacturer's Product Code: N/A

1.2 Recommended Use: Part A of a three component, solvent free epoxy resin Grout

1.3 Company: Envirosystems Technologies Pty Ltd

Address: 295 Princes Highway St Peters, NSW 2044.

Website: www.envirosystems.com.au **Telephone:** +61 2 85958699 (business hours)

Fax: +61 2 85958660

1.4 Emergency Telephone: Info Safe – 1800 638 556, Poisons Centre – 131126

Other Information: All information in this SDS is to the best of our knowledge at time of publication. Users of this product should fully review this SDS prior to use to ensure best safety practices. Further information and or clarification can be obtained by contacting our technical department on the above telephone number.

SECTION 2 – HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Hazard Classification:

Classified as **Hazardous** according to WHS Regulations, Australian GHS criteria and a **Non-Dangerous Goods** according to the Australian Dangerous Goods Code.

| Class | Category |
|---|----------|
| Skin Corrosion/Irritation | 2 |
| Serious eye damage/eye irritation | 2A |
| Skin Sensitization | 1B |
| Hazardous to the aquatic environment- acute | 2 |
| Hazardous to the aquatic environment- chronic | 3 |

2.2 Label Elements



Signal word

Warning

| H-code | Hazard Statements | |
|--------|--|--|
| | Causes skin irritation | |
| | Causes serious eye irritation | |
| | May cause allergic skin reaction | |
| | May cause respiratory irritation | |
| H401 | Toxic to aquatic life | |
| H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects | |
| P-Code | Precautionary Statement - Prevention | |
| P280 | Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye | |



| | protection / face protection | |
|-------------|--|--|
| P260 | Do not breath dust , mist or vapors | |
| P273 | Avoid release to the environment | |
| P272 | Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of | |
| | the workplace. | |
| P270 | Do not eat drink or smoke when using this product | |
| P264 | Wash with plenty of water and soap thoroughly after | |
| | handling | |
| P-Code | Precautionary Statement - Response | |
| P305, P351, | If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. | |
| P338 | Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do so. | |
| | Continue rinsing. | |
| P303, P361, | If on skin or hair: Take off immediately all contaminated | |
| P353 | clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower. | |
| P304, P340 | If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep | |
| | comfortable for breathing. | |
| P301, P330, | If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. | |
| P331 | | |
| P361, P364 | Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash | |
| | before reuse. | |
| P-Code | Precautionary Statement - Storage | |
| P405 | Store locked up in a well-ventilated area | |
| P-Code | Precautionary Statement - Disposal | |
| P501 | Dispose of contents / containers to hazardous or special | |
| | waste collection point. In accordance with local regulation | |
| | | |

2.3 Other Hazards None known

SECTION 3 – COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances

3.2 Mixtures

See section below for Mixtures

| CAS No. | Material | Content % |
|------------|-------------------------|-----------|
| 28064-14-4 | Bisphenol F Epoxy Resin | 10-30% |
| 25085-99-8 | Bisphenol A Epoxy Resin | >60% |
| 68609-97-2 | Alkyl Glycidyl Ether | 10-30% |

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General Advice:

Immediately remove contaminated clothing. If in danger of loss of consciousness, place patient in recovery position and transport accordingly. Apply artificial reparation if necessary. First aid personal should pay attention to the own safety.

Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting. Wash mouth with water and seek medical attention.

Inhalation

Keep patient calm and remove to fresh air. If affects occur seek medical attention.

Eye Contact:

While holding eyes open, gently flood with plenty of fresh water for 15 minutes. If affects occur seek medical attention. Skilled personnel should only undertake removal of contact lenses after an eye injury.



Skin Contact:

Flush contacted area thoroughly with soap and plenty of water, shower if availed. Seek medical attention if irritation persists. Remove contaminated clothing including footwear.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Any relevant information can be found in other parts of this section and in sections 2 and 11.

4.3 Advice for doctor

Treat symptomatically (decontamination, vital functions), if burn is present treat as any thermal burn after decontamination. No specific antidote.

SECTION 5 – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media:

Water fog or fine spray, dry chemical powder, foam, BCF (where regulations permit). Alcohols resistant foams are preferred. Protein foams may functions but will be less effective.

will be less effective.

Unsuitable extinguishing media that may not be used for safety reasons:

Do not use direct water stream as it might spread the fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Oxides of carbon and other possibly toxic fumes from fire.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear full body protective clothing with breathing apparatus. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course. Combustible. Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame. Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers. On combustion, may emit toxic fumes of carbon monoxide (CO). Combustion products include:, carbon dioxide (CO2), phenolics products typical of burning organic material. Contains low boiling substance: Closed containers may rupture due to pressure buildup under fire conditions. May emit corrosive fumes.

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Secure the area. Wear personal protection equipment (see section 8). Keep unprotected persons away. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not inhale gases/vapours/aerosols. If material is released indicate risk of slipping. Do not walk through spilled material.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not discharge into sewers or waterways and soil.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small or major spills should be absorbed with dry, inert filler (soil or sand) which then can be shoveled into appropriately labeled drums for disposal. Disposal of this material should be undertaken by a registered chemical disposal company.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Relevant information in other sections has to be considered. This applies in particular for information given on personal protective equipment (section 8) and on disposal (section 13).

SECTION 7 - HANDLING & STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Ensure thorough ventilation of stores and work areas. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.



Hands and/or face should be washed before breaks and at the end of the shift. Protection against fire and explosion: The product is combustible. Prevent electrostatic charge - sources of ignition should be kept well clear - fire extinguishers should be kept handy.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage Storage Requirements:

Store in a cool, dry area **Temperature Conditions:**

Up to 40º C

Protection from weather:

Store undercover and away from frost and moisture

7.3 Specific end use(s) Once mixed with part A and applied, produces a hard wearing, durable surface

suitable for commercial and industrial applications.

7.4 Regulations and standards

(Australia):

Classified as Hazardous Liquid which should be stored and handled in accordance

with regulations

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parametersNo known exposure limits

8.2 Exposure controls General protection and hygiene measures:

General ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations. Do not eat, drink or smoke when handling. Wash hands at the end of work and before eating. Keep working clothes separately. Remove contaminated, soaked clothing immediately. Clean work areas

regularly. Please read Part B SDS Personal protection equipment:

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection should be worn when exposure limits are exceeded.

Eye protection

Safety glasses with side shield, chemical goggles. Full face respiratory may be

required if exposure causes discomfort.

Hand protection

Protective gloves made of PVC, butyl rubber, neoprene or nitrile. Remember to also take into account of other chemical or processes when selecting glove type as well.

Skin protection

Long sleeve shirts and full length pants or overalls clothing.

Other Information

Barrier creams can be used to protect skin from contact with the material. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet and after finishing work. Observe the usual precautions when handling chemicals.

8.3 Further information for system design and engineering measures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep containers closed when not in use.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Odour: Mild

Odour Threshold No test data avaliaible

Colour: Yellow

Physical State: Low Viscosity Liquid

Flash Point: Closed cup 177°C Pensky-Martens closed cup ASTM D 93



Boiling Point: >100 ^oC **Melting Point:** Not Available

Specific Gravity: 0.98 pH (5% solution): >12

Solubility in Water (g/L): Insoluble (Hydrophobic)

Flammability: Yes

Lower Limit: Not determined Higher Limit: Not determined

Vapour Pressure: <2

Vapour Density (Air = 1) Not determeined 9.2 Other information None available

SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity; Chemical stability; If stored and handled in accordance with standard industrial practices not

-3 Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Unstable in the present of incompatible material.

10.4 Conditions to avoid Avoid short term temperatures above 300°C as potentially violent decomposition

hazardous reactions are known.

can happen at 350°C. Avoid prolonged exposure to temperatures over 250°C. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. See SDS section 7 - Handling

and storage.

10.5 Incompatible materials Keep away from oxidizing agents, acids and alkalis and amines.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition

products

Oxides of carbon and other possibly toxic fumes from fire.

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity/Effects

Enviro Grout 100 part A:

Acute Oral toxicity

Low toxicity if swallowed. Small amount swallowed incidentally as a result of handling operations are not likely to cause injury, however swallowing large amount may cause injury.

As a product single dose LD50 has not been determined. Based on information for components:

Oral (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg Estimated

Acute Dermal toxicity

Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorbtion of harmful amounts. As a product single dose LD50 has not been determined. Based on information for components:

Oral (rabbit) LD50: >2000 mg/kg Estimated

Acute Inhalation toxicity

Excess exposure may cause irritation to upper respiratory tract (nose and throat)

The LC50 has not been determined

Skin corrosion/irritation:

Brief contact may cause moderate irritation with local redness

Serious eye damage/eye irritation:

May cause moderate eye irritation. Corneal injury is unlikely. Vapor may cause eye irritation experienced as mild discomfort and redness.



Sensitization:

A component of this mixture has caused allergic reactions in humans. Contains components which have caused allergic skin sensitization in guinea pigs and also Contains components which have caused allergic skin sensitization in mive.

Bisphenol F Epoxy Resin:

Acute Inhalation toxicity

At room temperature, exposure to vapor is minimal due to low volatility, vapor from heated material may cause respiratory irritation) The LC50 has not been determined

Bisphenol A Epoxy Resin:

Acute Inhalation toxicity

The LC50 has not been determined

Alkyl Glycidyl Ether:

Acute Inhalation toxicity

LCO, Rat, 4 hour, vapor 0,206mg/l. No deaths occurred following exposure to saturated atmosphere.

Chronic Toxicity/Effects

Enviro Grout 100 part A:

Specific target organ systematic toxicity (single exposure)

Evaluation of available data suggest that this material is not a STOT-SE toxicant.

Specific target organ systematic toxicity (repeated exposure)

For the major component(s), except for skin sensitization, repeated exposure to low molecular weight epoxy resins of this type are not anticipated to cause significant adverse effects.

Genetic toxicity

Contains component(s) which were negative in some in vitro genetic toxicity studies and positive in others. Contains component(s) which were negative in animal genetic toxicity studies.

Carcinogenicity

Many studies have been conducted on diglycidyl ether of bisphenol A, there is some data to suggest a carcinogenicity in animals however the majority of available data and the international agency for research on cancer (IARC) has not classified it as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

In animal studies of resins based on diglycidyl ether of bisphenol A have shown not to interfere with reproduction.

Teratogenicity

Resins based on diglycidyl ether of bisphenol A did not cause birth defect or other adverse effects on fetus when pregnant rabbits were exposed on their skin, or when pregnant rats or rabbits were exposed orally.

Long Term Effects:

Susceptible individuals may develop allergic reactions such as dermatitis or asthma like symptoms on a single significant skin exposure or may become sensitized to the material on repeated contact.

SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Bisphenol F Epoxy Resin:



Acute toxicity in fish

Material is moderately toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute bases, with LC50/EC50 between 1 and 10mg/L in the moist sensitive species tested.

Bisphenol A Epoxy Resin:

Acute toxicity in fish

Material is moderately toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute bases, with LC50/EC50 between 1 and 10mg/L in the moist sensitive species tested. LC50 (96h) Omcorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), semi-static, 1.8mg/L

Acute toxicity in aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (48h), Daphnia magna (water flea), static test, 1.8mg/L

Acute toxicity in aquatic algae/plants

ErC50 (72h), Scenedesmus capiccomutum (fresh water algae), static test, growth rate inhibition, 11mg/L

Chronic toxicity in aquatic invertebrates

NOEC (21 d), Daphnia magna (water flea), semi static test, number of offspring, 0.3 mg/L

MATC (maximum acceptable toxicant level) (21 d), Daphnia magna (water flea), semi static test, number of offspring, 0.55mg/L

Alkyl Glycidyl Ether:

Acute toxicity in fish

Material is not expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute bases LC50 (96h) Omcorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), static, >5000mg/L LC50 (96h) Lepomis macrochirus (bluegill sunfish), static, 1,800mg/L

Acute toxicity in aquatic algae/plants

EbC50 (72h), pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), growth rate inhibition (cell density reduction), 843mg/L

NOEC(72h), pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), growth rate inhibition (cell density reduction), 500mg/L

Microorganisms/Effect on sludge

Bisphenol A Epoxy Resin:

Toxicity to Bacteria

IC50 (18h), Respartion rates, >42mg/L

Persistence and degradability

Bisphenol F Epoxy Resin:

Biodegradability

For similar material based on stringent OECD test guidelines this material cannot be considered as readily biodegradable, however these results do not necessarily mean that the material is not biodegradable under environmental conditions.

Bisphenol A Epoxy Resin:

Biodegradability

For similar material based on stringent OECD test guidelines this material cannot be considered as readily biodegradable, however these results do not necessarily mean that the material is not biodegradable under environmental conditions.

10 day window: Not applicable

Biodegradation: 12% Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 302B or equivalent

Theoretical oxygen demand: 2.35 mg/mg estimated

Photodegradtion

Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis)



Sensitizer: OH radicals

Atmosphere half-life: 1.92 hours

Method: estimated

Alkyl Glycidyl Ether:

Biodegradability

For similar material based on stringent OECD test guidelines this material cannot be considered as readily biodegradable, however these results do not necessarily mean that the material is not biodegradable under environmental conditions.

Biodegradation: 87% Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F or equivalent

Chemical oxygen demand: 2.09 mg/mg

Bioaccumulative potential

Bisphenol F Epoxy Resin:

Bioaccumulation

Bio-concentration potential is moderate (BCF between 100 and 3000 or Log Pow between 3 and 5)

Partition coefficient

n-octol/water(Log Pow): 3.6 at 20°C estimated

Bisphenol A Epoxy Resin:

Bioaccumulation

Bio-concentration potential is moderate (BCF between 100 and 3000 or Log Pow between 3 and 5)

Partition coefficient

n-octol/water(Log Pow): 3.242 at 25oC estimated

Alkyl Glycidyl Ether:

Bioaccumulation

Bio-concentration potential is moderate (BCF between 100 and 3000 or Log Pow between 3 and 5). No relevant data found.

Partition coefficient

n-octol/water(Log Pow): 3.77 at 25oC estimated OECD test guideline 107 or equivalent.

Bio-concentration factor BCF

160 fish estimated

Mobility in soil

Bisphenol F Epoxy Resin:

Potential for mobility in soil is low (Koc between 500 and 2000). Given its very low henrys constant, volatization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an important fate process.

Bisphenol A Epoxy Resin:

Biodegradability
For similar material

Alkyl Glycidyl Ether:

Expected to be relative immobile in soil (Koc > 5000). Partition coefficient (Koc): > 5000 OECD 121: HPLC method.

Additional Information



SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Classification for SEA

transport (IMO-IMDG)

Classification for AIR

transport (IATA/ICAO)

Material Recommendation:

Material that cannot be used, reprocessed or recycled should be disposed of in accordance with Federal, State, and local regulations at an approved facility. Depending on the regulations, waste treatment methods may include, e.g., landfill or incineration.

Uncleaned packaging Recommendation:

Completely discharge containers (no tear drops, no powder rest, scraped carefully). Containers may be recycled or re-used. Observe local/state/federal regulations. Uncleaned packaging should be treated with the same precautions as the material.

SECTION 14 – TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport Information Not classified as a Dangerous Good according to the Australian Code for

the Transportation of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail.

U.N. Number: N/A
DG Class: N/A
EPG card: N/A
Hazchem Code: N/A

Proper Shipping Name: Environmentally hazardous substance

liquid N.O.S (epoxy resin)

Packing Group: N/A

U.N. Number: UN 3082

DG Class: 9

Proper Shipping Name: Environmentally hazardous substance

liquid N.O.S (epoxy resin)

Packing Group: II

Marine Pollutant: Epoxy Resin U.N. Number: UN 3082

DG Class: 9

Proper Shipping Name: Environmentally hazardous substance

liquid N.O.S (epoxy resin)

Packing Group: III

Label N/A

SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental

regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National and local regulations must be observed. For information on labeling please refer to section 2 of this document.

Poisons Schedule Number: 5

Australian Inventory: L

Controlled Schedule Carcinogenic Substances:

Listed

Not listed substances



SECTION 16 – OTHER INFORMATION

Safety Data Sheets are updated regularly. Please ensure you have a current copy. SDS can be obtained from our website: www.envirosystems.com.au

The SDS should be used to assist in the Risk Management. Many other factors determine whether the reported Hazards are risks in any given workplace.

Specific Risks may be determined by reference to various Exposure Scenarios, Scale of use, Frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

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Emergency Telephone: Info Safe – 1800 638 556, Poisons Centre – 13112